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JAN 14 2005

OFFICE OF PETITIONS

In re Application of

Bryant

Application No. 09/297,038

Filing Date: 26 April, 1999

Attorney Docket No. 6715/56610

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This is a decision on the petition filed on 10 December, 2004, alleging, *inter alia*, unavoidable delay under 37 C.F.R. §1.137(a).

For the reasons set forth below, the petition as considered under 37 C.F.R. §1.137(a) is
DISMISSED.

NOTES:

- (1) Any petition (and fee) for reconsideration of this decision under 37 C.F.R. §1.137(a) (as to unavoidable delay) or an alternative request for relief under 37 C.F.R. §1.137(b)¹ (as to unintentional delay) must be submitted within two (2)

¹ Effective December 1, 1997, the provisions of 37 C.F.R. §1.137(b) now provide that where the delay in reply was unintentional, a petition may be filed to revive an abandoned application or a lapsed patent pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §1.137(b). a grantable petition filed under the provisions of 37 C.F.R. §1.137(b) must be accompanied by:

(1) the required reply, unless previously filed. In a nonprovisional application abandoned for failure to prosecute, the required reply may be met by the filing of a continuing application. In an application or patent, abandoned or lapsed for failure to pay the issue fee or any portion thereof, the required reply must be the payment of the issue fee or any outstanding balance thereof.

(2) the petition fee as set forth in 37 C.F.R. §1.17(m);

(3) a statement that the entire delay in filing the required reply from the due date for the reply until the filing of a grantable petition pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §1.137(b) was unintentional. The Commissioner may require additional information where there is a question whether the delay was unintentional; and

(4) any terminal disclaimer (and fee set forth in 37 C.F.R. §1.20(d)) required pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §1.137(c). (Emphasis supplied.)

months from the mail date of this decision. Extensions of time under 37 C.F.R. §1.136(a) are permitted. The reconsideration request should include a cover letter entitled "Renewed Petition under 37 C.F.R. §1.137(a)"; and/or "Petition under 37 C.F.R. §1.137(b)";

- (2) Thereafter, there will be no further reconsideration of this matter.

BACKGROUND

The record reflects that:

- a final Office action was mailed on 7 April, 2004;
- Petitioner filed an amendment after final on 12 July, 2004, over a 7 July, 2004, certificate of mail;
- on 18 November, 2004, the Examiner mailed an Advisory Action indicating, *inter alia*, that the amendment after final did not place the application in condition for allowance;
- thus, Petitioner failed to reply timely and properly to the final Office action of 7 April, 2004, with a reply due absent extension of time on or before 7 July, 2004;
- the application went abandoned after midnight 7 July, 2004;
- no Notice of Abandonment was mailed before the instant petition was filed;
- accompanying the instant petition is a request for continued examination (RCE) with fee, and Petitioner has identified his amendment after final as his submission under the regulation;
- Petitioner alleges unavoidable delay, but support the allegation only with his statement that he filed his amendment after final and the Examiner did not address the matter until after the end of the full statutory period.

STATUTES, REGULATIONS AND ANALYSIS

Congress has authorized the Commissioner to "revive an application if the delay is shown to the

satisfaction of the Commissioner to have been "unavoidable." 35 U.S.C. §133 (1994).²

The regulations at 37 C.F.R. §1.137(a) and (b) set forth the requirements for a petitioner to revive a previously unavoidably or unintentionally, respectively, abandoned application under this congressional grant of authority. The language of 35 U.S.C. §133 and 37 C.F.R. §1.137(a) is clear, unambiguous, and without qualification: the delay in tendering the reply to the outstanding Office action, as well as filing the first petition seeking revival, must have been unavoidable for the reply now to be accepted on petition.³

Delays in responding properly raise the question whether delays are unavoidable.⁴ Where there is a question whether the delay was unavoidable, Petitioners must meet the burden of establishing that the delay was unavoidable within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. §133 and 37 C.F.R. §1.137(a).⁵ And the Petitioner must be diligent in attending to the matter.⁶ Failure to do so does not constitute the care required under Pratt, and so cannot satisfy the test for diligence and due care.

(By contrast, unintentional delays are those that do not satisfy the very strict statutory and regulatory requirements of unavoidable delay, and also, by definition, are not intentional.⁷))

The requirements for a grantable petition under 37 C.F.R. §1.137(a) are the petition and fee, a showing of unavoidable delay, a proper reply, and--where appropriate--a terminal disclaimer and fee.

Petitioner has failed to satisfy the "showing" requirement. The fact that Petitioner elected to file an amendment after final, which did not *prima facie* place the application in condition for

² 35 U.S.C. §133 provides:

35 U.S.C. §133 Time for prosecuting application.

Upon failure of the applicant to prosecute the application within six months after any action therein, of which notice has been given or mailed to the applicant, or within such shorter time, not less than thirty days, as fixed by the Commissioner in such action, the application shall be regarded as abandoned by the parties thereto, unless it be shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that such delay was unavoidable.

³ Therefore, by example, an unavoidable delay in the payment of the Filing Fee might occur if a reply is shipped by the US Postal Service, but due to catastrophic accident, the delivery is not made.

⁴ See: Changes to Patent Practice and Procedure; Final Rule Notice, 62 Fed. Reg. at 53158-59 (October 10, 1997), 1203 Off. Gaz. Pat. Office at 86-87 (October 21, 1997).

⁵ See: In re Application of G, 11 USPQ2d 1378, 1380 (Comm'r Pats. 1989).

⁶ See: Diligence in Filing Petitions to Revive and Petitions to Withdraw the Holding of Abandonment, 1124 Off. Gaz. Pat. Office 33 (March 19, 1991). It was and is Petitioner's burden to exercise diligence in seeking either to have the holding of abandonment withdrawn or the application revived. See 1124 Off. Gaz. Pat. Office supra.

⁷ Therefore, by example, an unintentional delay in the reply might occur if the reply and transmittal form are to be prepared for shipment by the US Postal Service, but other pressing matters distract one's attention and the mail is not timely deposited for shipment.

allowance and, therefore, was not a proper reply,⁸ does not constitute a showing of unavoidable delay.

CONCLUSION

In the absence of the proper showing, the instant petition under 37 C.F.R. §1.137(a) hereby is **dismissed**.

ALTERNATIVE VENUE

It appears that Petitioner will be unable to make a showing of unavoidable delay. Petitioner's only alternative to irretrievable abandonment is to file a petition under 37 C.F.R. §1.137(b) (state therein that "the entire delay in filing the required reply from the due date for the reply until the filing of a grantable petition pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §1.137(b) was unintentional").

Thus, Petitioner may wish to supplement the petition to plead alternatively under 37 C.F.R. §1.137(b) wherein the "showing" burden is much less onerous.

Further correspondence with respect to this matter should be addressed as follows:

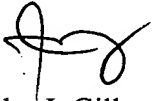
By mail: Commissioner for Patents
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By FAX: IFW Formal Filings
 (703) 872-9306
 ATTN.: Office of Petitions

By hand: Mail Stop: Petition
 Customer Service Window
 Randolph Building
 401 Dulany Street
 Alexandria, VA 22314

⁸ A proper reply is a an amendment *prima facie* placing the application in condition for allowance, a Notice of Appeal, or a CPA or RCE (with fee and submission). (See: MPEP §711.03(c).)

Telephone inquiries concerning this decision may be directed to the undersigned at (571) 272-3214.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'J. Gillon', with a stylized flourish at the end.

John J. Gillon, Jr.
Senior Attorney
Office of Petitions